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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/052,926	01/16/2002	Jeffrey R. Sampson	2003309-0027 (Agilent 10 1042		
7590 02/16/2006			EXAMINER		
	CHNOLOGIES, INC.	TUNG, JOYCE			
Legal Departme Intellectual Prot	ent, DL429 perty Administration	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
P.O. Box 7599		1637 DATE MAILED: 02/16/2006			
Loveland, CO	80537-0599				

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary		Applicati	on No.	Applicant(s)					
		10/052,9	26	SAMPSON, JEFFREY R.					
		Examine	r	Art Unit					
		Joyce Tu	_	1637					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply									
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAIL nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communical operiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutor is to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, be reply received by the Office later than three months after the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ING DATE OF TI CFR 1.136(a). In no ex ation. y period will apply and w by statute, cause the app	HIS COMMUNICATION /ent, however, may a reply be tim /ill expire SIX (6) MONTHS from plication to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this of D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	•				
Status									
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed or	n 02 December 2	2005.						
· · · · · ·	This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.								
′=	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is								
-,	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Disposit	ion of Claims	·							
4)⊠	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-35,67-101 and 144-147</u> is/are pending in the application.								
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
· —	☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. ☐ Claim(s) <u>1-35, 67-101 and 144-147</u> is/are rejected.								
	Claim(s) <u>1-33, 07-707 and 144-147</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to.								
•	☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to: ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.								
	on Papers		•						
	·	ramin ar							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.									
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.									
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).									
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.									
	inder 35 U.S.C. § 119	THE EXAMINET. THE		Action of form	10-102.				
	-								
	12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).								
a) _l	a) All b) Some * c) None of:								
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.								
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No								
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage								
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.									
3	see the attached detailed Office action fol	r a list of the cert	itied copies not receive	d.					
Attachmen	• •		_						
	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-9	M8)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da						
	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO		5) Notice of Informal Pa		O-152)				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Other:									

Application/Control Number: 10/052,926 Page 2

Art Unit: 1637

DETAILED ACTION

The applicant's response filed 12/2/2005 to the office action mailed 8/30/2005 has been entered. Claims 1-35, 67-101 and 144-147 are pending.

1. Claims 1-34, 67-100 and 144-147 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Baldarelli et al. (6,015,714, issued Jan. 18, 2000) in view of Kool (5,714,320, issued Feb. 3, 1998).

Baldarelli et al. disclose a method for sequencing nucleic acid polymer. The description of the method of Baldarelli et al. as listed in claims 1-24 (See Abstract and column 23-24, claims 1-24). Modified base are available including methylated bases (See column 8, lines 44-45). In order to identify the monomers, condition should be appropriate to avoid secondary structure in the polymer to be sequenced (See column 8, lines 53-54).

Baldarelli et al. do not disclose using a circular template, the nucleic acid molecule containing modified nucleotides, which are modified adenosine, modified thymine, modified guanosine and modified cytosine.

Kool et al. disclose a method for synthesis and amplification of DNA and RNA oligonucleotide which involves using circular oligonucleotide template and the nucleotide triphosphates is modified, 2-amino-adenosine-TP (See column 13, lines 50-67). The method uses enzymatic synthesis, which is polymerase enzyme (See column 5, lines 31-46). The teachings of Kool et al. suggest that the synthesized nucleic acid molecules contain modified nucleotides. The products generated from the method include a linear multimer having the desired sequence (See column 14, lines 29-38).

Art Unit: 1637

Although the modified nucleotide used in the method of Kool et al. is to make cleavage site (See column 30, lines 57-58), while in the instant invention, the modified nucleotide of the synthesized nucleic acid molecule is to reduce secondary structures in the synthesized nucleic acid, the elements used in the synthesis of nucleic acid are the same.

One of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the instant invention would have been motivated to apply the method of Kool et al. to enzymatically synthesize nucleic acid molecule for the sequencing method of Baldarelli et al. because the method of Kool is directed to efficient, low-cost and large-scale synthesis of linear and circular oligonucleotide (See column 1, lines 21-25). It would have <u>prima facie</u> obvious to provide a nucleic acid molecule with at least one repeat of a nucleotide sequence to be determined, wherein the nucleic acid molecule is enzymatically synthesized using a circular template and the nucleic acid molecule contains modified nucleotides.

The response argues that Baldarelli et al. do not disclose "at least one repeat of a nucleotide sequence to be determined" and it would be desirable to sequence a molecule that contained multiple amplified copies of a single nucleic acid of interest and nothing in Kool teaches or suggests the feature of "at least one repeat of a nucleotide sequence to be determined". Although Baldarelli et al. do not disclose the limitation, which is argued above, Kool, discloses a method for synthesis and amplification of DNA and RNA oligonucleotide, which involves using circular oligonucleotide template. By doing so, one repeat of a nucleotide sequence is produced and multiple amplified copies of a single nucleic acid of interest are produced (See fig. 2).

Application/Control Number: 10/052,926 Page 4

Art Unit: 1637

The response further argues that Baldarelli et al. and Kool do not suggest the feature of "modified nucleotides that reduce secondary structure in the nucleic acid molecule". As discussed in section 1 above, although the modified nucleotide used in the method of Kool et al. is to make cleavage site (See column 30, lines 57-58), while in the instant invention, the modified nucleotide of the synthesized nucleic acid molecule is to reduce secondary structures in the synthesized nucleic acid, the elements used in the synthesis of nucleic acid are the same.

The response argues that the references do not teach the limitations recited in claim 5, "wherein the nucleic acid is an unstructured nucleic acid". Since it is unclear what is meant by the phrase "unstructured nucleic acid", any nucleic acid molecules can be read on this phrase.

The response additional argues that the references do not teach the limitations of claim 34 as recited "wherein the nucleic acid contains 2-aminoadenosine, and 2-thiothymidine". The references do teach modified nucleotide, 2-amino-deoxyadenosine and alphathiotriphosphates (See column 13, lines 55-60).

Thus, one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the instant invention would have been motivated to apply the method of Kool et al. to enzymatically synthesize nucleic acid molecule for the sequencing method of Baldarelli et al. to make the instant invention. Therefore, the rejection is maintained.

2. Claims 35 and 101 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Baldarelli et al. (6,015,714, issued Jan. 18, 2000) in view of Kool (5,714,320, issued Feb. 3, 1998) as applied to claims 1-34, and 67-100 above, and further in view of Thorp et al. (5,871,918, issued Feb. 16, 1999).

Art Unit: 1637

The references of Baldarelli et al. and Kool set forth in section 3 above do not disclose analyzing nucleic acid by electron tunneling.

Thorp et al. disclose a method of detecting a nucleic acid by using electron tunneling (See column 9, lines 30-55). The method may be used in a variety of applications, including DNA sequencing (See the Abstract).

One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to modify the method of Baldarelli et al. by applying electron tunneling as taught by Thorp et al. since the electron tunneling is applied to DNA sequencing. It would have been <u>prima facie</u> obvious to apply the electron tunneling to the method of Baldarelli et al. to make the instant invention for sequencing DNA.

Since there is no specific argument regarding this rejection, the rejection is maintained.

Summary

- 3. No claims are allowable.
- 4. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

Application/Control Number: 10/052,926

Art Unit: 1637

however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing

date of this final action.

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Joyce Tung whose telephone number is (571) 272-0790. The

examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday, 8:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Gary Benzion can be reached on 571 272-0782. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Joyce Tung TT February 11, 2006

YENNETH R. HORLICK, PH.D
PRIMARY FXAMINED

Page 6

2/13/06